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TITLE: THE CENTER CANNOT HOLD: PATTERNS OF POLARIZATION IN NIGERIAU

AUTHOR: FABIO CLEMENTI, UNIVERSITY OF MACERATA

ANDREW L. DABALEN, VASCO MOLINI, WORLD BANK, WASHINGTON DC FRANCESCO SCHETTINO SECOND UNIVERSITY OF NAPLES, NAPLES

ABSTRACT: T

Recent analysis on consumption patterns in Nigeria seems to suggest an increase in inequal-ity that could have oset the poverty-reducing benets from sustained growth. Inequality increase is however just one aspect of the whole problem. Our hypothesis is that Nigeria is also going through a process of economic polarization. Broadly speaking, the notion of polar-ization is concerned with the disappearance or as in the case of Nigeria non-consolidation of the middle class, which occurs when there is a tendency to concentrate in the tails, rather than the middle, of the income/consumption distribution. The aim of this paper is to document the increasing polarization, paying a special attention to certain areas of the country, notably those where in the last decade economic growth had been stagnant or particularly non-inclusive with vast negative repercussions on social stability. An analysis of this type is rather new for Nigeria. The limited availability of comparable data has hindered an in-vestigation that requires data series not too close in time: the process of polarization is generally slow and signicant changes can be detected over long periods. To explore polarization, our study uses instead the relative distribution methodology (Handcock and Morris, 1998, 1999). This exible and straightforward method provides a non-parametric framework for comparing the income (or other) distributions of two populations either crosssectional or over time in a way that permits consideration The paper enjoyed nancial contribution from the World Bank. The authors would like to thank Federica Alfani (FAO - Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations), Rose Mungai (World Bank – Poverty Reduction and Economic Management Unit), and Ayago E. Wambile (World Bank - Poverty Reduction and Economic Management Unit) for excellent assistance with data preparation. Completion of this work would have not been possible without them. Of course, we are the sole responsible for all possible errors the paper may contain.

Corresponding author: fabio.clementi@unimc.it.